

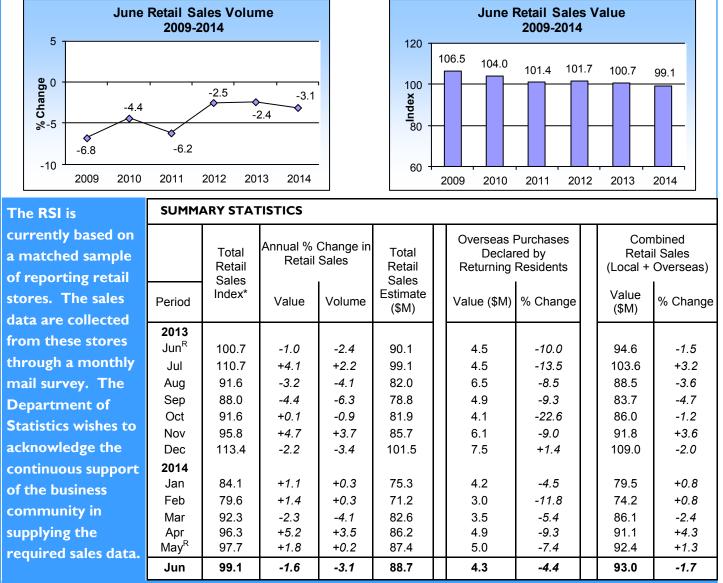
# **RETAIL SALES INDEX**

# **RETAIL SALES FELL 1.6 PER CENT**

Retail sales in June 2014 decreased 1.6 per cent below the \$90.1 million recorded in June 2013. All retail sectors experienced declines in sales revenue with the exception of motor vehicle retailers and liquor stores. Building material stores registered the largest decrease in sales of 10.5 per cent while motor vehicle retailers recorded the strongest increase of 32.0 per cent. Residents returning to the Island declared overseas purchases valued at \$4.3 million during June 2014. This contributed to a combined local and overseas spending total of \$93.0 million.

After adjusting for the annual retail sales rate of inflation, measured at 1.6 per cent in June, the volume of retail sales decreased by 3.1 per cent.

There were 24 shopping days during the month, the same as in June 2013.



**DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS** 

# **Building Material Stores**

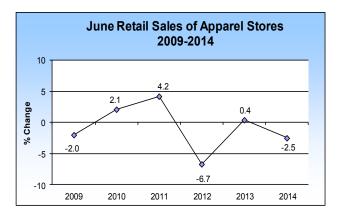
Retailers of building materials registered a decline in sales receipts of 10.5 per cent during June 2014. Lower sales receipts reflected the decreased demand for building supplies for home improvements and major commercial construction projects.

# **All Other Store Types**

Sales receipts for the all other store types sector slipped 4.2 per cent. Sales for boat and marine retailers fell 12.5 per cent. Sales of furniture, appliances and electronics decreased 9.0 per cent while sales for pharmaceutical stores contracted 1.3 per cent. In contrast, gross receipts for tourist -related stores were 5.8 per cent higher than 2013.

# **Apparel Stores**

Sales revenue for apparel stores were 2.5 per cent lower year-over-year. The drop in sales was attributed partly to a 1.9 per cent increase in the price of clothing and footwear.



# **Service Stations**

Sales receipts for service stations decreased 1.8 per cent year-over-year. This decline was mostly

due to consumers purchasing a lower volume of gasoline during the month, as the price of fuel increased 1.1 per cent during the period.

#### Food and Liquor Stores

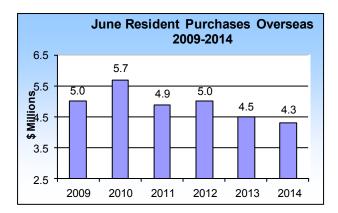
Receipts from food sales decreased 2.5 per cent compared to last year. Retailers attributed the decline to one less weekend shopping day occurring in June 2014. In contrast, sales revenue for liquor stores was 1.8 per cent higher during the month. The increase in sales was attributed partly to the rise in liquor prices of 1.6 per cent.

## **Motor Vehicle Stores**

Retailers of motor vehicle stores registered a 32.0 per cent rise in sales compared to June 2013. The positive sales growth was due primarily to an increase in the volume of cars and motorcycles sold.

# **Resident Purchases Overseas**

Residents declared \$4.3 million in overseas purchases in June 2014. This represented a 4.4 per cent decline when compared to the previous year.



## **BERMUDA RETAIL SALES INDEX**

# Average Monthly Sales (1)

							2	006=1	00							
Period	Total Retail Stores		Food Stores (2)		Liquor Stores (3)		Motor Vehicle Stores		Service Stations		Building Material Stores		Apparel Stores		All Other Store Types	
2006	100.0	+4.0	100.0	+6.1	100.0	+3.6	100.0	-1.5	100.0	+11.7	100.0	+7.0	100.0	-9.0	100.0	+7.6
2007	104.3	+4.2	106.5	+6.5	104.4	+4.4	95.1	-5.1	106.0	+6.0	96.4	-3.6	109.3	+9.3	106.2	+6.1
2008	106.0	+1.6	114.9	+7.8	105.2	+0.8	90.7	-4.6	116.9	+10.3	93.0	-3.5	104.3	-4.6	106.8	+0.6
2009	102.1	-3.6	119.9	+4.4	112.7	+7.1	82.0	-9.6	106.0	-9.3	86.1	-7.4	89.7	-14.0	100.3	-6.1
2010	97.3	-4.7	120.5	+0.5	115.6	+2.5	67.7	-17.5	111.5	+5.2	64.3	-25.3	87.6	-2.4	95.7	-4.6
2011	94.2	-3.1	119.9	-0.4	113.4	-1.9	48.8	-27.8	116.2	+4.2	63.1	-1.9	89.0	+1.6	92.5	-3.3
2012	94.7	+0.5	127.6	+6.4	123.7	+9.1	45.3	-7.3	114.9	-1.1	57.2	-9.4	85.0	-4.5	90.6	-2.0
*2013	94.6	-0.1	131.4	+3.0	124.1	+0.4	45.8	+1.1	112.7	-2.0	48.6	-15.0	84.7	-0.3	89.5	-1.2
2012																
Jun	101.7	+0.4	133.8	+8.7	122.2	+9.5	42.3	-18.7	118.3	-7.0	53.7	-16.8	104.3	-6.7	102.5	+1.5
Jul	106.4	+6.0	142.2	+5.0	145.1	+2.4	62.8	+64.2	118.9	-7.7	69.3	+6.1	87.6	+1.3	101.5	+4.2
Aug	94.6	+0.8	127.8	+9.4	146.9	+19.6	41.4	-17.5	125.3	+1.4	54.3	-12.6	81.2	-4.5	89.2	-4.3
Sep Oct	92.1 91.5	+0.6 +0.7	129.0 131.1	+10.9 +6.2	146.3 103.3	+25.5 +7.5	40.9 54.6	-2.7 +43.3	117.9 113.3	+0.2 +0.9	49.6 54.0	-27.3	76.8 71.9	-8.3 -8.6	84.5 79.6	-4.7 -5.7
Nov	91.5 91.5	+0.7	131.1	+0.2 +8.0	103.3	+7.5	54.6 36.1	+43.3	113.3	+0.9	54.0 47.6	-24.2 -28.7	87.9	-8.0 +1.1	79.6 89.5	-5.7 -4.2
Dec	116.0	-1.6	145.2	+5.9	121.9	+10.3	42.6	+37.9	113.0	+1.9	36.9	-33.5	170.7	-7.8	09.5 118.2	-4.2 -6.7
Dec	110.0	-1.0	140.2	.0.5	170.2	.0.1	72.0	.07.5	110.0	. 1.5	30.5	-00.0	170.7	-7.0	110.2	-0.7
2013																
Jan	83.2	+3.4	122.1	+7.0	97.5	+8.8	46.2	+31.6	106.7	+1.4	43.2	-30.2	59.2	+6.3	74.6	+0.7
Feb	78.5	-1.7	114.9	+3.4	101.5	+3.8	36.9	-15.6	97.1	-4.5	44.8	-19.0	49.9	-1.7	74.0	-1.4
Mar	94.5	-1.3	133.9	+6.0	129.1	+9.5	41.0	-18.0	118.0	+1.0	59.7	-9.8	61.8	-5.4	84.2	-7.2
Apr	91.5	-1.3	126.6	+2.5	112.3	-9.8	49.0	+4.4	109.0	-4.2	53.6	-20.6	76.1	-2.8	84.4	-0.7
May Jun <sup>R</sup>	95.9 100.7 <sup>R</sup>	+1.6 -1.0	133.1 135.4 <sup>R</sup>	+7.3 +1.2	114.7 132.3 <sup>R</sup>	+17.0 +8.2	46.0 38.8	-2.0 -8.2	119.5 123.0 <sup>R</sup>	+0.6 +4.0	55.3 46.7 <sup>R</sup>	-20.7 -13.0	93.5 104.7 <sup>R</sup>	+5.2 +0.4	94.1 98.6 <sup>R</sup>	-3.3
Jul	100.7	-1.0 +4.1	135.4	+1.2	132.3	+14.5	50.0 59.1	-o.2 -5.9	123.0	+4.0	46.7 61.3	-13.0	83.8	+0.4 -4.4	90.0 106.1	-3.8 +4.6
Aug	91.6	-3.2	126.2	-1.3	138.2	-5.9	40.1	-3.1	116.9	-6.7	44.8	-17.5	80.9	-0.4	86.7	-2.8
Sep	88.0	-4.4	124.2	-3.8	128.5	-12.1	48.3	+18.0	109.7	-7.0	41.0	-17.2	76.9	+0.1	78.3	-7.3
Oct	91.6	+0.2	132.0	+0.6	100.2	-3.0	59.7	+9.3	111.5	-1.6	46.8	-13.3	74.6	+3.8	79.5	-0.1
Nov	95.8	+4.7	127.5	+3.5	121.5	-0.4	46.1	+27.6	108.2	-7.1	47.7	+0.2	97.3	+10.7	93.9	+4.9
Dec	113.4	-2.2	143.9	-0.9	160.5	-5.7	38.0	-10.8	107.5	-4.8	37.8	+2.4	158.0	-7.5	119.2	+0.9
2014																
Jan	84.1		123.8	+1.4	107.6	+10.4	55.7	+20.6	104.5	-2.1	40.0	-7.4	54.6	-7.8	74.1	-0.7
Feb	79.6		115.0	+0.1	109.8	+8.2	52.5	+42.3	97.1	0.0	44.9	+0.2	47.4	-5.0	71.4	-3.5
Mar	92.3	-2.3	129.8	-3.0	128.6	-0.4	54.6	+33.3	112.6	-4.6	48.2	-19.2	59.8	-3.3	81.7	-3.0
Apr Mou <sup>R</sup>	96.3 07.7	+5.2	133.3	+5.3	141.9	+26.4	58.1	+18.6	111.2	+2.0	49.3	-8.0	83.0	+9.1	86.0	+1.9
May <sup>R</sup>	97.7		134.2	+0.8	120.7	+5.2	60.4 <sup>R</sup>	+31.1	119.9 <sup>R</sup>	+0.3	45.9	-17.0	95.2	+1.8	95.2	+1.2
Jun	99.1	-1.6	132.0	-2.5	134.7	+1.8	51.2	+32.0	120.8	-1.8	41.8	-10.5	102.1	-2.5	94.5	-4.2

(1) Index numbers are subject to revisions

\*The yearly series reflect annual changes

(2) Includes household supplies but excludes alcoholic beverages

(3) Does not include sales to bars, clubs, hotels and restaurants

\* Revisions are also reflected in the Summary Statistics on Page 1

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS

## **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

The **Retail Sales Index (RSI)** was first developed in 1982. It is a key economic indicator used to assess the current performance of sales activity in the retail sector of the economy.

The RSI is a self-weighting index. This means that stores reporting a large value of sales have a greater impact on the movement of the index than stores reporting a low level of sales activity.

The RSI serves to:

- measure monthly and annual movements of retail sales
- provide an estimated gross turnover of sales in the local retail sector
- act as a barometer of change in the level of demand for both the domestic and tourist markets

The index is structured into seven broad sectors:

- •Food Stores
- Liquor Stores
- Motor Vehicle Dealers
- Service Stations
- •Building Materials
- Apparel Stores
- •All Other Store Types

Total retail stores across the seven sectors represent roughly 70% of all retail activity on the Island. The base period 2006 recorded a gross turnover in retail sales of \$1.1 billion.

Retail outlets that participate in the retail sales survey and trade in similar types of goods are grouped into these seven sectors. It is important to note that sector classifications are not interchangeable with commodity classifications. This is because most retail outlets sell several kinds of commodities. The sector classification generally reflects the individual commodity or the commodity group, which is the <u>primary</u> source of the establishment's receipts, or some mixture of commodities, which characterizes the establishment's business.

## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS Retail Trade

Retail trade is the sector of the economy that includes establishments that are engaged in the sale of mer-

chandise for personal or household consumption and in the rendering of services that are incidental to the sale of the merchandise.

#### **Retail Establishment**

A retail establishment is one that operates at a fixed place of business and is engaged in sales activities to attract the general public to buy merchandise.

#### Value Sales

The dollar value of a quantity of goods and services sold for cash or credit. Sales include the amounts received from customers for: immediate and layaway purchases; rentals; installations; maintenance; repairs and alterations.

## **Gross Sales**

Gross sales are sales for which no deductions have been made for the return of merchandise, allowances and discounts.

## Volume Sales

The dollar value of a quantity of goods and services sold at current retail market prices adjusted to eliminate the effect of price change.

#### **Estimated Gross Turnover**

Estimated gross turnover is the total value of retail sales generated in the retail sector. It is calculated by applying the all-items index number for the current month to the average monthly sales figure determined in the base year.

#### **Base Period**

This is the time period used as a reference point for measuring the shift in the value of retail sales. The base period for the Bermuda RSI is 2006.

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