

SURVEILLANCE SUMMARY REPORT

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL WEEK 3: 15-21 JANUARY 2023

The Surveillance Summary Report contains information on syndromes and communicable diseases reported into the Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit by Epidemiological Week (or as otherwise indicated). The Report currently contains 3 sections:

- 1. <u>Syndromic Surveillance</u> (including Influenza and Severe Acute Respiratory Infection (SARI))
- 2. Routine Communicable Disease Surveillance
- 3. COVID-19 Surveillance

REPORT BASED ON DATA RECEIVED IN THE EPIDEMIOLOGY AND SURVEILLANCE UNIT BY 25 JANUARY 2023

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Syndromic Surveillance

Public health surveillance is, according to the World Health Organization (WHO), "the continuous, systematic collection, analysis and interpretation of health-related data needed for the planning, implementation, and evaluation of public health practice." Public health surveillance may be used to serve as an early warning system for impending public health emergencies, monitor and clarify the epidemiology of health problems, allow priorities to be set, and inform public health policy and strategies.

Syndromic surveillance is the analysis of data to detect or anticipate disease outbreaks. According to a CDC definition, "the term 'syndromic surveillance' applies to surveillance using health-related data that precede diagnosis and signal a sufficient probability of a case or an outbreak to warrant further public health response." This is important as the first indications of disease outbreak may not be the definitive diagnosis of a physician or a lab. Action on an increase or alert in the reported syndromes under surveillance could potentially stop or slow the spread of the outbreak. The syndromes under surveillance are as follows:

Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP): Acute (sudden) onset of flaccid paralysis in the absence of trauma. Any patient in whom a healthcare worker suspects acute flaccid paralysis is considered to be a suspected case of poliomyelitis.

Fever and Haemorrhagic symptoms: Acute (sudden) onset of fever (> 38.0°C or 100.4°F) in a previously healthy person, presenting with at least one haemorrhagic (bleeding) manifestation with or without jaundice (e.g. purpura, epistaxis, haemoptysis, melena).

Fever and Neurological symptoms (except AFP): Acute (sudden) onset of fever (> 38.0°C or 100.4°F) with or without headache and vomiting in a previously healthy person presenting with at least one of the following signs: meningeal irritation, convulsions, altered consciousness, altered sensory manifestations, paralysis except AFP.

Fever and Rash: Acute (sudden) febrile illness (>38.0°C or 100.4°F) in a previously healthy person, presenting generalized rash. Any patient in whom a healthcare worker suspects measles or rubella infection is considered to be a suspected measles/rubella case. These patients generally have fever and generalized rash illnesses.

Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (Acute Respiratory Infection): Acute (sudden) febrile illness (> 38.0°C or 100.4°F) in a previously healthy person, presenting with cough or sore throat with or without respiratory distress. Gastroenteritis: Acute (sudden) onset of diarrhoea, with or without fever (> 38C or 100.4F) and presenting with 3 or more loose or watery stools in the past 24 hours, with or without dehydration, vomiting and/or visible blood. Undifferentiated Fever: An acute (sudden) febrile illness (> 38.0°C or 100.4°F) in a previously healthy person of less than 7 days duration with two or more of the following manifestations: headache, retro-orbital pain, myalgia, arthralgia, nausea, vomiting, jaundice – AND without any particular symptoms fitting another syndrome definition.

Alert Levels:

Alert levels are used to identify potential public health risks. A risk assessment will determine the need for any public health action.

Epidemiological Week 3						
Syndrome	# of Reported Cases	Alert Level				
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	LOW				
Fever and Haemorrhagic Symptoms	0	LOW				
Fever and Neurological Symptoms	0	LOW				
Fever and Rash	3	HIGH				
Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (under 5 years)	6	MEDIUM				
Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (5 years and older)	14	LOW				
Gastroenteritis (under 5 years)	2	LOW				
Gastroenteritis (5 years and older)	2	LOW				
Undifferentiated Fever (under 5 years)	0	LOW				
Undifferentiated Fever (5 years and older)	0	LOW				
% of sentinel sites reporting 100.00%						

The data presented in this section of the report reflects information reported into the Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit through Bermuda's sentinel surveillance system. Routine reporting from sentinel sites decreased from EW 13 (2020) as measures were implemented to minimize COVID-19 exposure in healthcare settings.

During EW 3, there were syndromic surveillance alerts for Fever and Rash and Fever and Respiratory Symptoms.

Syndromes reported in EW 3 included Fever and Rash (Hand, Foot and Mouth disease), Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (adenovirus, human metapneumovirus, human rhinovirus/enterovirus, influenza, SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19, strep throat), and Gastroenteritis (c. difficile).

All cases of SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) may not be reflected in this syndromic surveillance data as the disease presentation does not always fit within a specific syndrome. COVID-19 data is presented in another section of this report.

Epidemiological Week 3

Syndrome	# of Reported Cases	5-Yr Average*	Medium Alert Threshold**	High Alert Threshold***	Alert Level
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	0	0	LOW
Fever and Haemorrhagic Symptoms	0	0	0	0	LOW
Fever and Neurological Symptoms	0	0	1	2	LOW
Fever and Rash	3	0	1	2	HIGH
Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (under 5 years)	6	3	6	11	MEDIUM
Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (5 years and older)	14	73	112	190	LOW
Gastroenteritis (under 5 years)	2	1	2	5	LOW
Gastroenteritis (5 years and older)	2	5	9	16	LOW
Undifferentiated Fever (under 5 years)	0	0	0	0	LOW
Undifferentiated Fever (5 years and older)	0	0	1	1	LOW
% of sentinel sites reporting					100.00%

⁵⁻Yr Average calculated by summing the incidence counts for the current week, the 2 weeks preceding the current week, and the 2 weeks following the current week, for a total of 5 preceding years.

4-Week Summary: Epidemiological Weeks 52, 2022 - 3, 2023

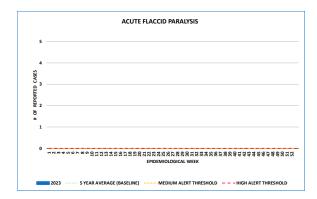
Syndrome	# of Reported Cases	5-Yr Average	Medium Alert Threshold**	High Alert Threshold***	Alert Level
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	0	0	LOW
Fever and Haemorrhagic Symptoms	0	0	0	0	LOW
Fever and Neurological Symptoms	0	0	2	5	LOW
Fever and Rash	3	1	3	8	LOW
Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (under 5 years)	30	9	21	38	MEDIUM
Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (5 years and older)	131	200	369	641	LOW
Gastroenteritis (under 5 years)	4	3	7	16	LOW
Gastroenteritis (5 years and older)	17	15	30	55	LOW
Undifferentiated Fever (under 5 years)	1	0	0	1	HIGH
Undifferentiated Fever (5 years and older)	1	0	2	5	LOW

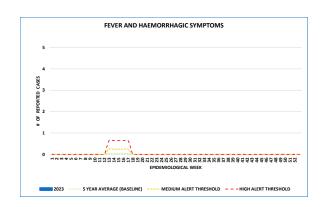
Cumulative Summary: Epidemiological Weeks 1-3

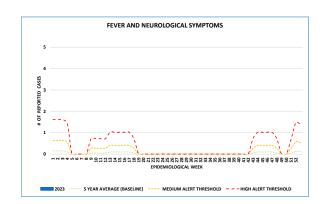
Syndrome	# of Reported Cases	5-Yr Average	Medium Alert Threshold**	High Alert Threshold***	Alert Level				
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	0	0	LOW				
Fever and Haemorrhagic Symptoms	0	0	0	0	LOW				
Fever and Neurological Symptoms	0	0	2	5	LOW				
Fever and Rash	3	1	3	7	MEDIUM				
Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (under 5 years)	27	9	16	30	MEDIUM				
Fever and Respiratory Symptoms (5 years and older)	93	200	318	552	LOW				
Gastroenteritis (under 5 years)	4	3	7	15	LOW				
Gastroenteritis (5 years and older)	15	15	25	47	LOW				
Undifferentiated Fever (under 5 years)	1	0	0	1	HIGH				
Undifferentiated Fever (5 years and older)	1	0	2	5	LOW				

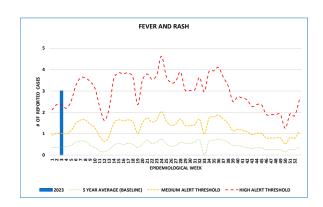
^{**} Medium Alert Threshold is set at 1 standard deviation above 5-yr average

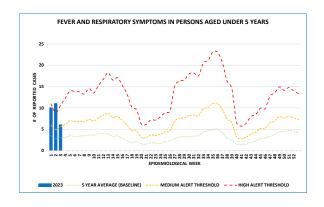
^{***} High Alert Threshold is set at 3 standard deviations above 5-year average

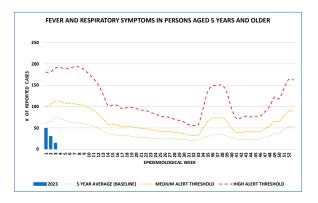


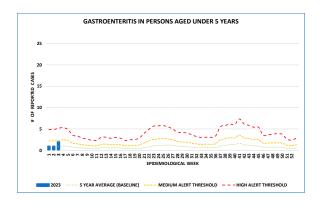


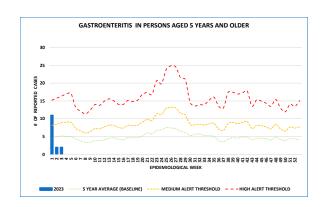


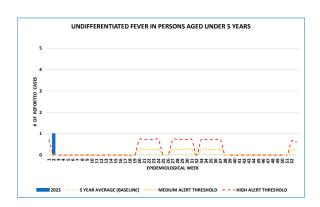


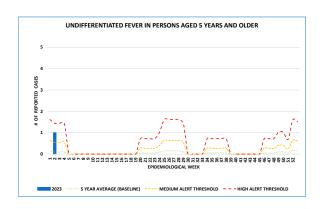












Influenza and Severe Acute Respiratory Infection (SARI)

Surveillance case definitions included here are as follows:

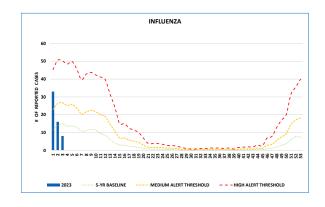
Influenza:

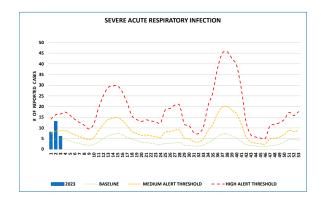
Clinical (or suspect): A person with fever, headache, myalgia, and cough

Laboratory confirmed: A clinical or suspect case with positive laboratory findings

Severe Acute Respiratory Infection (SARI):

An acute respiratory infection with history of fever or measured fever of ≥38°C and cough, with onset within the last 10 days, and requiring hospitalization.





Routine Communicable Disease Surveillance (EWs 49-52, 2022)

An increase in confirmed diseases may not necessarily indicate a true increase in disease incidence. Reporting and confirmatory testing may rise due to other causes such as increased testing capability and increased awareness of circulating diseases, locally and globally.

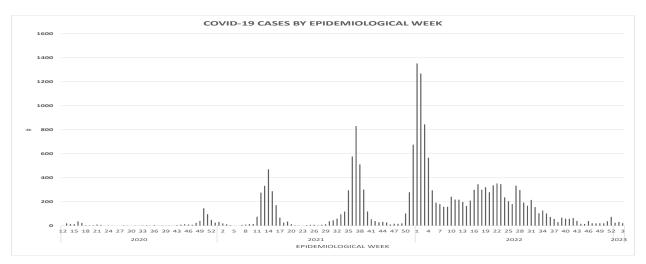
In instances where the relative level is above normal (indicated in red), further epidemiological investigation may be conducted to determine if there are clusters of illness or outbreaks occurring. This is dependent on many factors, including the severity of the illness, the potential for spread, the availability of control measures, political considerations, public relations, and available resources.

DISEASES/PATHOGENS	Cumulative Total (Lab Conf. cases)		
	Curr. Yr	Last Yr.	
Diseases Reportable under the International Health Regulations Cholera	0	0	
Human Influenza (new sub-type)	0	0	
Pneumonic Plague	0	0	
Poliomyelitis	0	0	
Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) Yellow Fever	0	0	
Air Borne Diseases			
Adenoviruses	47	19	
COVID-19	11864	6055	
Human Metapneumovirus [hMPV]	30 110	48 68	
Influenza Respiratory Syncytial Virus [RSV]	104	56	
Tuberculosis - Extrapulmonary	1	0	
Tuberculosis - Pulmonary	0	2	
Vaccine Preventable Diseases under the Caribbean Expanded Programme o			
Chicken Pox [Varicella] (clinically confirmed)	9	10	
Diphtheria Measles	0	0	
Meningitis [due to <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>]	0	0	
Meningitis [due to Streptococcus pneumoniae]	0	0	
Meningococcal Infection [due to Neisseria meningitidis]	0	0	
Mumps	0	0	
Pertussis [Whooping Cough] Pneumonia [due to <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>]	0	8	
Pneumonia [due to <i>Taemopnius injuenzae</i>] Pneumonia [due to <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>]	1		
Rotavirus	7	9	
Rubella [Congenital German Measles]	0	0	
Rubella [German Measles]	0	0	
Tetanus [excluding Neonatal]	1	0	
Tetanus Neonatorum	0	0	
Vector Borne Diseases Chagas Disease	0	0	
Chikungunya	0	0	
Dengue Fever	0	0	
Dengue Haemorrhagic Fever/Shock Syndrome	0	0	
Leptospirosis Malaria	0	0	
Malaria Zika	0	0	
Food and Water Borne Pathogens		<u> </u>	
Campylobacter	37	62	
Ciguatera Poisoning (clinically confirmed)	0	1	
Cryptosporidium	8	33	
E. Coli (pathogenic) Giardia	49	33 5	
Giaraia Hepatitis A	0	0	
Listeria	1	0	
Norovirus	9	5	
Salmonella	42	44	
Shigella Staphylococcus (pathogenic)	0	3	
Staphylococcus (patnogenic) Taxoplasma	0	0	
Typhoid and Paratyphoid	0	0	
Vibrio (excluding Cholera)	0	0	
Other Diseases			
Viral Encephalitis/Meningitis	0	0	
Hepatitis B Hepatitis C	0	1	
Leprosy (Hansens Disease)	0	0	
Meningitis/Encephalitis (not specified)	0	0	
Rabies (in Humans)	0	0	
Specific Diseases under Country Surveillance			
Chlamydia	207	216	
Gonorrhoea	20	23	
Herpes Syphilis	62 2	45 4	
	~	-4	

COVID-19 Surveillance

Bermuda's Current COVID-19 Status and Indicators

As of EW 3, Bermuda has reported 18,762 confirmed cases of COVID-19.



Indicator		At end of EW 52		At end of EW 1		At end of EW 2		At end of EW 3	
(Data subject to change upon reconcilaition)	Target	31-Dec-22		7-Jan-23		14-Jan-23		21-Jan-23	
New Cases	decreasing		74		25		32		21
% imported	J								
% unlinked	decreasing		30%		76%		84%		86%
Country Transmission Classification									
Effective reproduction number									
Effective reproduction number									
(7 day moving average)	<1	0	1.42	0	1.01	9	0.83	0	0.96
Positivity rate (%)									
Positivity Rate (%)	<1%	\circ	4= 00/		0.007			0	5.9%
(7 day moving average)	<1%		15.3%)	2.3%	_	11.8%		5.9%
Positivity Rate (%)	<1%	0	11.9%	9	8.8%		7.1%		8.8%
(14 day moving average)	<1%	_	11.9%)	8.8%	_	7.1%		8.8%
Incidence Rate									
Incidence Rate per 100,000	<10		17		6		7		5
(7 day moving average)	<10)	17)	6		,)	5
Incidence Rate per 100,000	<10		12	0	11		6	0	6
(14 day moving average)	V10		12		11		6		0
Hospitalization rate: New admissions									
Hospitalization rate per 100,000	<2.5	0	1.1	0	1.8	0	2.9	0	1.3
(7 day moving average)	V2.5)	1.1)	1.8)	2.9)	1.3
Hospitalization rate per 100,000	<2.5	0	1.3	1	1.4	-	2.3		2.1
(14 day moving average)	\2.5	_	1.5)	1.4	_	2.5		2.1
Hospitalization rate: Current admissions									
Hospitalization rate per 100,000	<25	0	12.9	1	13.2	- 3	26.5	(-)	31.3
(7 day moving average)	<25)	12.9)	13.2)	26.5)	31.3
Hospitalization rate per 100,000	<25	0	15.0		13.1		19.8	c >	28.9
(14 day moving average)	ņ)	15.0)	15.1)	19.8)	26.9
Mortality rate:									
Mortality rate per 100,000	<0.5	\sim	0.0	0	0.7		0.3	0	0.3
(7 day moving average)	75.		0.0)	0.7	_	0.5)	0.3
Mortality rate per 100,000	<0.5		0.2	0	0.3	0	0.5	0	0.3
(14 day moving average)	VO.3	_	0.2)		_	0.5		
CDC Community Levels			Low		Medium		High	г	Vledium
New Cases per 100,000	<200	0	116	0	39	0	50	0	33
Hospitalization rate per 100,000	<10		7.8	0	12.5		20.3		9.4
(7 day total)	-10		7.0	1			_0.5	1	J.,
Inpatient beds occupied by COVID-19 patients	<10%		6%		6%	\sim	12%	\circ	14%
(7-day average)	-1076		0,0)	0,0		12,3	,	
CDC Travel Health Notice Level									
Primary Criteria									
New non-imported cases	<50		152		156		168		152
(past 28 days)	\30		132	1	130		100	1	-J2
Secondary Criteria									
Population Testing Rate per 100,000	>1500		151	_	156		144	-	146
(past 28 days)	- 1300								
Test-to-Case Ratio	>30		18		8	0	7	0	8
(past 28 days)	3								<u> </u>
Interventions (Curfew/Shelter in Place)									

Key	
Significantly worse than target (CDC only)	
Worse than target	
Around target	
Better than target	
Worse than historical trends	
Around historical trends	
Better than historical trends	

WEEK	FROM	TO	WEEK	FROM	TO
1	1-Jan-23	7-Jan-23	27	2-Jul-23	8-Jul-23
2	8-Jan-23	14-Jan-23	28	9-Jul-23	15-Jul-23
3	15-Jan-23	21-Jan-23	29	16-Jul-23	22-Jul-23
4	22-Jan-23	28-Jan-23	30	23-Jul-23	29-Jul-23
5	29-Jan-23	4-Feb-23	31	30-Jul-23	5-Aug-23
6	5-Feb-23	11-Feb-23	32	6-Aug-23	12-Aug-23
7	12-Feb-23	18-Feb-23	33	13-Aug-23	19-Aug-23
8	19-Feb-23	25-Feb-23	34	20-Aug-23	26-Aug-23
9	26-Feb-23	4-Mar-23	35	27-Aug-23	2-Sep-23
10	5-Mar-23	11-Mar-23	36	3-Sep-23	9-Sep-23
11	12-Mar-23	18-Mar-23	37	10-Sep-23	16-Sep-23
12	19-Mar-23	25-Mar-23	38	17-Sep-23	23-Sep-23
13	26-Mar-23	1-Apr-23	39	24-Sep-23	30-Sep-23
14	2-Apr-23	8-Apr-23	40	1-Oct-23	7-Oct-23
15	9-Apr-23	15-Apr-23	41	8-Oct-23	14-Oct-23
16	16-Apr-23	22-Apr-23	42	14-Oct-23	21-Oct-23
17	23-Apr-23	29-Apr-23	43	22-Oct-23	28-Oct-23
18	30-Apr-23	6-May-23	44	29-Oct-23	4-Nov-23
19	7-May-23	13-May-23	45	5-Nov-23	11-Nov-23
20	14-May-23	20-May-23	46	12-Nov-23	18-Nov-23
21	21-May-23	27-May-23	47	19-Nov-23	25-Nov-23
22	28-May-23	3-Jun-23	48	26-Nov-23	2-Dec-23
23	4-Jun-23	10-Jun-23	49	3-Dec-23	9-Dec-23
24	11-Jun-23	17-Jun-23	50	10-Dec-23	16-Dec-23
25	18-Jun-23	24-Jun-23	51	17-Dec-23	23-Dec-23
26	25-Jun-23	1-Jul-23	52	24-Dec-23	30-Dec-23